

SREE CHITRA TIRUNAL INSTITUTE FOR MEDICAL SCIENCES & TECHNOLOGY THIRUVANANTHAPURAM—695 011

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION - ACADEMIC SESSION JANUARY-2019

PROGRAMME: PGDMRS

Time:90 Minutes

Max.Marks: 100

(Select the most appropriate answer)
(There are **no negative** marks for wrong answers)

- 1. Father of modern medicine is
 - a. Aristotle
 - b. Hippocratus
 - c. Plato
 - d. Hannemann
- 2. WHO head quarters is at
 - a. Washington
 - b. Geneva
 - c. Moscow
 - d. London
- 3. The first person to see a cell under microscope was
 - a. M.Schleiden
 - b. T. Schwann
 - c. Robert Hooke
 - d. A V Leeuwenhoek
- 4. Striking difference between plant cell and animal cell is due to the presence of
 - a. Centrosome
 - b. Plasma membrane
 - c. Cell wall
 - d. Chloroplast
- 5. Cell wall is
 - a. Permeable
 - b. Semi permeable
 - c. Differentially permeable
 - d. Impermeable
- 6. Cell Organelle, which has electron transport system is
 - a. Centriole
 - b. Endoplasmic reticulum
 - c. Mitochondria
 - d. Nucleolus

- 7. Green pigments capable of capturing the energy of sunlight are located within the a. Ribosome b. Mitochondria c. Lysosomes d. Chloroplasts 8. Which of the following is called "suicidal bag" a. Lysosome

 - b. Ribosome
 - c. Mitochondria
 - d. Nucleolus
- 9. Functional activities of cell are controlled by
 - a. Protoplasm
 - b. Nucleolus
 - c. Nucleus
 - d. Mitochondria
- 10. Chromosomes are concerned with
 - a. Transmission of hereditary characters
 - b. Nutrition
 - c. Assimilation
 - d. Respiration
- 11. The term mitosis was given by
 - a. Farmer
 - b. Flemming
 - c. Boveri
 - d. Moore
- 12. Cork cells are
 - a. Photosynthetic
 - b. Participate in movement
 - c. Meristamatic
 - d. Dead

- 13. In man thickest skin is found in
 - a. Palm
 - b. Sole
 - c. Thigh
 - d. Thumb
- 14. Horns of most animals are composed of
 - a. Bones
 - b. Cartilages
 - c. Keratin
 - d. Chitin
- 15. Mammary glands are modified
 - a. Sebaceous glands
 - b. Oil glands
 - c. Sweat glands
 - d. Lymph glands
- 16. Which of the following directly helps in keeping the body warm
 - a. Adipose tissue
 - b. Swalglands
 - c. Hair
 - d. Connective tissue
- 17. Tendon connects
 - a. Cartilage with muscles
 - b. Bone with muscles
 - c. Ligament with muscles
 - d. Bone with bone
- 18. Red blood cells are called
 - a. Leukocytes
 - b. Erythrocytes
 - c. Lymphocytes
 - d. Osteocytes
- 19. Which one of these is a kind of tissue
 - a. Lung
 - b. Kidney
 - c. Pancreas
 - d. Blood

20. Blood is

- a. Acidic
- b. Alkaline
- c. Variable
- d. Neutral

21. Life span of RBC is

- a. 50 days
 - b. 75 days
 - c. 100 days
 - d. 120 days

22. Units of nervous system are

- a. Axons
- b. Dendrites
- c. Cytons
- d. Neurons

23. An algae that imparts red colour to red sea is

- a Batrachospermum
- b. Harveyella
- c. Trichodesmium
- d. Sargassum

24. Study of fungi is known as

- a. Phycology
- b. Mycology_
- c. Palynology
- d. Dendrology

25. Alcoholic fermentation is due to

- a. Yeast
- b. Chlorella
- c. Agaricus
- d. Sclerospora

26. Resin and turpentine are obtained from

- a. Pinus
- b. Abies
- c. Cedrus
- d. Cycas

- 27. Part of the food that is not digested in the body is a. Starch b. Cellulose c. Proteins d. Fat 28. For immediate energy production in cells one should take a. Glucose
- - b. Proteins
 - c. Vitamin c
 - d. Sucrose
- 29. Major requirement of proteins in body is for
 - a. Energy
 - b. Proper nourishment
 - c. Repair
 - d. Growth
- 30. Anaemia is related to
 - a. Iodine deficiency
 - b. Food adultration
 - c. Iron deficiency
 - d. All the above
- 31. Rickets is a kind of disease
 - a. Communicable disease
 - b. Genetic disease
 - c. Infective disease
 - d. Deficiency disease
- 32. In deficiency of which vitamin blood does not clot
 - a. Vitamin A
 - b. Vitamin K
 - c. Vitamin C
 - d. Vitamin B12
- 33. What fraction of body is water
 - a. 1/4
 - b. $\frac{1}{2}$
 - c. 1/3
 - d. 2/3

- 34. Mode of transmission of communicable disease is dealt by a branch of science named
 - a. Epidemiology
 - b. Etiology
 - c. Immunology
 - d. Angiology
- 35. BCG vaccine is anti
 - a. Polio
 - b. Emphysema
 - c. Tuberculosis
 - d. Pneumonia
- 36. Jaundice is a disease of
 - a. Kidney
 - b. Pancreas
 - c. Liver
 - d. Duodenum
- 37. Gonorrhoea is a veneral disease transmitted by sexual contact. It is caused by
 - a. Virus
 - b. Bacteria
 - c. Protozoa
 - d. Fungus
- 38. Mumps is a viral disease that causes inflammation of
 - a. Parotid gland
 - b. Sublingual gland
 - c. Submaxillary gland
 - d. Infra-orbital gland
- 39. Poliomyelitis commonly called Polio affects which system
 - a. Muscular system
 - b. Nervous system
 - c. Digestive system
 - d. Circulatory system

- 40. Bark of which plant yields famous drug of malaria.
 a. Betula
 b. Eucalyptus
 c. Cinchona
- d. Quercus
 41. AIDS disease was reported firstly in
 - a. Russia
 - b. Germany
 - c. France
 - d. USA
- 42. which is a renewable source
 - a. Water
 - ·b. Coal
 - c. Fuels
 - d. Mineral
- 43. Which is the most important source of food and fodder?
 - a. Algae
 - b. Lichen
 - c. Fungi
 - d. Cereal
- 44. The largest area under cultivation in India is for which of the following?
 - a. Wheat
 - b. Rice
 - c. Sugarcane
 - d. Jowar
- 45. Removal of top soil by wind is called
 - a. Soil conservation
 - b. Soil binding
 - c. Mulching
 - d. Soil erosion
- 46. The science of improving crop varieties is called
 - a. Hybridisation
 - b. Selection
 - c. Plant breeding
 - d. Introduction

a. Swaminathan b. Borlaugh c. B P Paul
d. Gurudev s khush
48. Study of fish culture is
a. Ophiology
b. Ichthyology
c. Herpetology
d. Pisciculture
49. White revolution is related to the increase in the production of
a. Egg
b. Wood
c. Milk
d. Meat
50. Abiotic component in an ecosystem is
a. Water
b. Daphnia
c. Chlorella
d. Bacteria
51. The least porous soil among the following is
a. Sand y soil
b. Loam soil
c. Peaty soil
d. Clay soil
52. Which of the following is main factor in water pollution
a. Pesticides
b. Detergents
c. Industrial waste
d. Washing animals
53. Which will come next
2,6,10,14,18,
a. 24
b. 22
c. 28
d. 30

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54. Which will come next	
3,5,8,12,17,23,	
a. 28	
b. 32	•
c. 30	
d. 40	
55. Which will come next	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
5,8,14,26,50,	
a. 91	
b. 92	
c. 105	<u>-</u>
d. 98	
56. Which will come next	
10,20,30,35,	
a. 50	
b. '55_ '	
c. 45	
d. 40	
57. Which will come next	•
50,75,100,150,	
a. 200	
b. 175	
c. 250	
d. 225	
58. Which one is like mang	o, banana and grapes?
a. Onion	
b. Ginger	
c. Apple	
d. Lemon	_
59. Which one is like vote,	ballot and poli?
a. Election	
b. Selection	
c. Nomination	
d. Participation	
60. Which one is like wheat,	barley and rice?
a. Food	and the second s
b. Gram	
c. Cereal	
d · A11	

- 61. Which one is like hair, grass and fur? a. Leather b. Wood c. Cloth d. Feather 62. Which one is like calf, kid and pup? a. Young b. Infant c. Animal d. Larva 63. Closest meaning of "AVERAGE" is a. Poor b. Mean c. Weak d. Public 64. Closest meaning of "COMPLETE" is a. Formulate b. Absolute c. Change d. Stop
- 65. Closest meaning of "HEARSAY" is
 - a. Evidence
 - b. Sound
 - c. Rumour
 - d. Lies
- 66. Closest meaning of "PSEUDO" is
 - a. Exta
 - b. Bogus
 - c. Close
 - d. Special
- 67. Closest meaning of "SOURCE" is
 - a. Origin
 - b. Trace
 - c. Report
 - d. Rcad
- 68. Odd one out
 - a. Horse
 - b. Donkey
 - c. Cat
 - d. Goat

- 69. Odd one out
 - a. Dictionary
 - b. Magazine
 - c. Book
 - d. Library
- 70. Odd one out
 - a. Under
 - b. Near
 - c. Beside
 - d. Where
- 71. Odd one out
 - a. Root
 - b. Bud
 - c. Flower
 - d. Tree
- 72. Odd one out
 - a. Shop
 - b. Pen
 - c. Pencil
 - d. Paint
- 73. Odd one out
 - S E Ear
 - b. Hand
 - c. Leg
 - d. Finger
- 74. Epidemic is related to disease. In the same way flood is related to
 - a. Water
 - b. Rain
 - c. River
 - d. Cloud.
- 75. Needle is related to clock as wheel is related to
 - a. Drive
 - b. Circular
 - c. Vehicle
 - d. Move
- 76. Calf is related to cow as puppy is related to
 - a. Bitch
 - b. Dog
 - c. Donkey
 - d. Sheep

77. Flower is related to bud as fruit is related to	
a. Seed	
b. Flower	
c. Tr ec	
d. Stem	
78. Bird is related to wing as fish is related to	
a. Fin	
b. Water	
c. Gill	
d. Tail	
79. Part is related to whole as class is related to	
a. Student	
b. School	
c. Room	
d. Teacher	
80. Smoke is related to pollution in the same way war is related to	i
a. Victory	•
b. Death	
c. Army	
d. Enemy	
81. Entrance is related to exit. In the same way loyalty is related to	
a Dishonesty	
b. Disrespect	
c. Treachery	
d. Falsehood	,
82. What is related to cracker in the same way as laugh is related to jok	e:
a. Fear	
b. Anger	
c. Explode	
d. None of these	
83. What is related to leaves in the same way as teeth is related to chatte	ï
a. Rustle	
b. Ripples	
c. Cackle	
d. None of these	
84. Cat is related to mew as Horse is related to	
a. Stable	
b Roar	
c. Bray	
d. Neigh	

- 85. Motor car is related to garage as Aeroplane is related to a. Workshop
 - b. Stand
 - c. Dock
 - d. Hangar
- 86. For what is Periyar wildlife sanctuary famous?
 - a. Only Elephants
 - b. Tiger and Elephants
 - c. Tiger and Lions
 - d. None of these
- 87. Gir National Park is in
 - a. Gujarat
 - b. Rajasthan
 - c. Maharashtra
 - d. Tamil Nadu
- 88. At Allahabad river Ganga joins with the river
 - a. Indus
 - b. Yamuna
 - c. Saraswathy
 - d. Brahmaputhra
- 89. Which is the Southernmost tip of the Indian main land?
 - -a. Indira point
 - b. Tuticorin
 - c. Kanyakumari
 - d. Trivandrum
- 90. Apart from Srilanka, which other island state is our southern neighbour?
 - a. Maldives
 - b. Myanmar
 - c. Mogadishu
 - d. Madagascar
- 91. Which is the second highest peak in the world?
 - a. Mount Everest
 - b. K2
 - c. Kanchanjunga
 - d. Nanda Devi
- 92. The distribution of plants and animals on the earth is determined by
 - a. Climate
 - b. Drainage
 - c. Soil
 - d. All the above

- 93. Plant species are called
 - a. Flora
 - b. Fauna
 - c. Biome
 - d. None of the above
- 94. The state having lowest literacy rate is
 - a. Myzoram
 - b. Bihar
 - c. Rajasthan
 - d. Madhyapradesh
- 95. Periyar project is in
 - a. Tamil Nadu
 - b. Karnataka
 - c. Kerala
 - d. Andhra pradesh
- 96. L'argest producer of rice in India is
 - a. Tamil Nadu
 - b. Karnataka
 - c. West Bengal
 - d. Bihar
- 97. Minimum age for a person to be elected to Loksabha is
 - _a_30 years
 - b. 25 years
 - c. 35 years
 - d. 20 years
- 98. The Chief Minister in India is appointed by
 - a. Prime minister
 - b. President
 - c. Governor
 - d. Vice President
- 99. The smallest whole number is
 - a. 0
 - b. 2
 - c. 1
 - d. None of the above
- 100. An integer which is not divisible by 2 is called a/an
 - a. Even number
 - b. Odd number
 - c. Prime number
 - d. Composite number