

SREE CHITRA TIRUNAL INSTITUTE FOR MEDICAL SCIENCES & TECHNOLOGY THIRUVANANTHAPURAM—695 011

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION - ACADEMIC SESSION JANUARY 2018

PROGRAMME: PGDMRS

Time:90 Minutes

Max.Marks: 100

(Select the most appropriate answer)
(There are **no negative** marks for wrong answers)

- 1 Father of modern medicine is
 - a. Aristotle
 - b. Hippocratus
 - c. Plato
 - d. Hannemann
- 2. WHO head quarters is at
 - a Washington
 - b. Geneva
 - c. Moscow
 - d. London
- 3. The first person to see a cell under microscope was
 - a. M.Schleiden
 - b. T. Schwann
 - c. Robert Hooke
 - d. A V Leeuwenhoek
- 4. Striking difference between plant cell and animal cell is due to the presence of
 - a. Centrosome
 - b. Plasma membrane
 - c. Cell wall
 - d. Chloroplast
- 5. Ceil wall is
 - a. Permeable
 - b. Semi permeable
 - c. Differentially permeable
 - d. Impermeable
- 6. Cell Organelle, which has electron transport system is
 - a. Centriole
 - b. Endoplasmic reticulum
 - c. Mitochondria
 - d. Nucleolus

- 7. Green pigments capable of capturing the energy of sunlight are located within the
 - a. Ribosome
 - b. Mitochondria
 - c. Lysosomes
 - d. Chloroplasts
- 8. Which of the following is called "suicidal bag"
 - a. Lysosome
 - b. Ribosome
 - c. Mitochondria
 - d. Nucleolus
- 9. Functional activities of cell are controlled by
 - a. Protoplasm
 - b. Nucleolus
 - c. Nucleus
 - d. Mitochondria
- 10. Chromosomes are concerned with
 - a. Transmission of hereditary characters
 - b. Nutrition
 - c. Assimilation
 - d. Respiration
- 11. The term mitosis was given by
 - a. Farmer
 - b. Flemming
 - c. Boveri
 - d. Moore
- 12. Cork cells are
 - a. Photosynthetic
 - b. Participate in movement
 - c. Meristamatic
 - d. Dead

- 13. In man thickest skin is found in
 - a. Palm
 - b. Sole
 - c. Thigh
 - d. Thumb
- 14. Horns of most animals are composed of
 - a. Bones
 - b. Cartilages
 - c. Keratin
 - d. Chitin
- 15. Mammary glands are modified
 - a. Sebaceous glands
 - b. Oil glands
 - c. Sweat glands
 - d. Lymph glands
- 16. Which of the following directly helps in keeping the body warm
 - a. Adipose tissue
 - b. Swarglands
 - c. Hair
 - d. Connective tissue
- 17. Tendon connects.
 - a. Cartilage with muscles
 - b. Bone with muscles
 - c. Ligament with muscles
 - d. Bone with bone
- 18. Red blood cells are called
 - a. Leukocytes
 - b. Erythrocytes
 - c. Lymphocytes
 - d. Osteocytes
- 19. Which one of these is a kind of tissue
 - a. Lung
 - b. Kidney
 - c. Pancreas
 - d. Blood

- a. Acidic
- b. Alkaline
- c. Variable
- d. Neutral
- 21. Life span of RBC is
 - a. 50 days
 - b. 75 days
 - c. 100 days
 - d. 120 days
- 22. Units of nervous system are
 - a. Axons
 - b. Dendrites
 - c. Cytons
 - d. Neurons
- 23. An algae that imparts red colour to red sea is
 - a. Batrachospermum
 - b. Harveyella
 - c. Trichodesmium
 - d. Sargassum
- 24. Study of fungi is known as
 - a. Phycology
 - b. Mycology
 - c. Palynology
 - d. Dendrology
- 25. Alcoholic fermentation is due to
 - a. Yeast
 - b. Chlorella
 - c. Agaricus
 - d. Sclerospora
- 26. Resin and turpentine are obtained from
 - a. Pinus
 - b. Abies
 - c. Cedrus
 - d. Cycas

- 27. Part of the food that is not digested in the body is
 a. Starch
 b. Cellulose
 c. Proteins
 d. Fat
- 28. For immediate energy production in cells one should take
 - a. Glucose
 - b. Proteins
 - c. Vitamin c
 - d. Sucrose
- 29. Major requirement of proteins in body is for
 - a. Energy
 - b. Proper nourishment
 - c. Repair
 - d. Growth
- 30. Anaemia is related to
 - a. Iodine deficiency
 - b. Food adultration
 - c. Iron deficiency
 - d. All the above
- 31. Rickets is a kind of disease
 - a. Communicable disease
 - b. Genetic disease
 - c. Infective disease
 - d. Deficiency disease
- 32. In deficiency of which vitamin blood does not clot
 - a. Vitamin A
 - b. Vitamin K
 - c. Vitamin C
 - d. Vitamin B12
- 33. What fraction of body is water
 - a. $\frac{1}{4}$
 - b. ½
 - c. 1/3
 - d. 2/3

- 34. Mode of transmission of communicable disease is dealt by a branch of science named
 - a. Epidemiology
 - b. Etiology
 - c. Immunology
 - d. Angiology
- 35. BCG vaccine is anti
 - a. Polio

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- b. Emphysema
- c. Tuberculosis
- d. Pneumonia
- 36. Jaundice is a disease of
 - a. Kidney
 - b. Pancreas
 - c. Liver
 - d. Duodenum
- 37. Gonorrhoea is a veneral disease transmitted by sexual contact. It is caused by
 - a. Virus
 - b. Bacteria
 - c. Protozoa
 - d. Fungus
- 38. Mumps is a viral disease that causes inflammation of
 - a. Parotid gland
 - b. Sublingual gland
 - c. Submaxillary gland
 - d. Infra-orbital gland
- 39. Poliomyelitis commonly called Polio affects which system
 - a. Muscular system
 - b. Nervous system
 - c. Digestive system
 - d. Circulatory system

- 40. Bark of which plant yields famous drug of malaria. a. Betula b. Eucalyptus c. Cinchona d. Quercus 41. AIDS disease was reported firstly in a. Russia b. Germany c. France d. USA 42. which is a renewable source a. Water b. Coal c. Fuels d. Mineral 43. Which is the most important source of food and fodder? a. Algae b. Lichen c. Fungi d. Cereal 44. The largest area under cultivation in India is for which of the following? a. Wheat b. Rice c. Sugarcane d. Jowar 45. Removal of top soil by wind is called a. Soil conservation

 - b. Soil binding
 - c. Mulching
 - d. Soil erosion
- 46. The science of improving crop varieties is called
 - a. Hybridisation
 - b. Selection
 - c. Plant breeding
 - d. Introduction

47. Recognition for bringing green revolution to India goes to
a. Swaminathan
b. Borlaugh
c. B P Paul
d. Gurudev s khush
48. Study of fish culture is
a. Ophiology
b. Ichthyology
c. Herpetology
d. Pisciculture
49. White revolution is related to the increase in the production of
a. Egg
b. Wood
c. Milk
d. Meat
50. Abiotic component in an ecosystem is
a. Water
b. Daphnia
c. Chlorella
d. Bacteria
51. The least porous soil among the following is
a. Sand y soil
b. Loam soil
c. Peaty soil
d. Clay soil
52. Which of the following is main factor in water pollution
a. Pesticides
b. Detergents
c. Industrial waste
d. Washing animals
53. Which will come next
2,6,10,14,18,
a 24
b. 22
c. 28
d 30

54. Which will come next	
3,5,8,12,17,23,	
a. 28	
b. 32	
c. 30	
d. 40	•
55. Which will come next	•
5,8,14,26,50,	
a. 91	
b. 92	
c. 105	
d. 98	
56. Which will come next	
10,20,30,35,	
a. 50	
b. 55	
c. 45	
d. 40	
57. Which will come next	
50,75,100,150,	
a. 200	
b. 175	•
c. 250	
d. 225	
58. Which one is like man	go, banana and grapes?
a. Onion	
b. Ginger	
c. Apple	
d. Lemon	
59. Which one is like vote	e, ballot and poli?
a. Election	
b. Selection	
c. Nomination	
d. Participation	
60. Which one is like whe	at, barley and rice?
a. Food	
b. Gram	
c. Cereal	
d. Agriculture	•
d. Albitouteato	

61. Which one is like hair, grass and fur? a. Leather b. Wood c. Cloth d. Feather 62. Which one is like calf, kid and pup? a. Young b Infant c. Animal d. Larva 63. Closest meaning of "AVERAGE" is a. Poor b. Mean c. Weak d. Public 64. Closest meaning of "COMPLETE" is a. Formulate b. Absolute c. Change d. Stop 65. Closest meaning of "HEARSAY" is a. Evidence b. Sound c. Rumour d. Lies 66. Closest meaning of "PSEUDO" is a. Exta b. Bogus c. Close d. Special 67. Closest meaning of "SOURCE" is a. Origin b. Trace c. Report d. Rcad 68. Odd one out a. Horse

b. Donkeyc. Catd. Goat

- 69. Odd one out
 - a. Dictionary
 - b. Magazine
 - c. Book
 - d. Library
- 70. Odd one out
 - a. Under
 - b. Near
 - c. Beside
 - d. Where
- 71. Odd one out
 - a. Root
 - b. Bud
 - c. Flower
 - d. Tree
- 72. Odd one out
 - a. Shop
 - b. Pen
 - c. Pencil
 - d. Paint
- 73. Odd one out
 - a En Ean
 - b. Hand
 - c. Leg
 - d. Finger
- 74. Epidemic is related to disease. In the same way flood is related to
 - a. Water
 - b. Rain
 - c. River
 - d. Cloud.
- 75. Needle is related to clock as wheel is related to
 - a. Drive
 - b. Circular
 - c. Vehicle
 - d. Move
- 76. Calf is related to cow as puppy is related to
 - a. Bitch
 - b. Dog
 - c. Donkey
 - d. Sheep

77. Flower is related to bud as fruit is related to a. Seed b. Flower c. Tree d. Stem 78. Bird is related to wing as fish is related to a. Fin b. Water c. Gill d. Tail 79. Part is related to whole as class is related to a. Student b. School c. Room d. Teacher 80. Smoke is related to pollution in the same way war is related to a. Victory b. Death c. Army d. Enemy 81. Entrance is related to exit. In the same way loyalty is related to --- a. Dishonesty b. Disrespect c. Treachery d. Falsehood 82. What is related to cracker in the same way as laugh is related to joke? a. Fear b. Anger c. Explode d. None of these 83. What is related to leaves in the same way as teeth is related to chatter a. Rustle b. Ripples c. Cackle d. None of these 84. Cat is related to mew as Horse is related to

a. Stableb. Roarc. Brayd. Neigh

85. Motor car is related to garage as Aeroplane is related to a. Workshop b. Stand c. Dock d. Hangar 86. For what is Periyar wildlife sanctuary famous? a. Only Elephants b. Tiger and Elephants c. Tiger and Lions d None of these 87. Gir National Park is in a. Guiarat b. Rajasthan c. Maharashtra d. Tamil Nadu 88. At Allahabad river Ganga joins with the river a. Indus b. Yamuna c. Saraswathy d. Brahmaputhra 89. Which is the Southernmost tip of the Indian main land? -a. Indira point b. Tuticorin c. Kanyakumari d. Trivandrum 90. Apart from Srilanka, which other island state is our southern neighbour? a. Maldives b. Myanmar c. Mogadishu d. Madagascar 91. Which is the second highest peak in the world? a. Mount Everest b. K2 c. Kanchanjunga

92. The distribution of plants and animals on the earth is determined by

d. Nanda Devi

d. All the above

a. Climateb. Drainage

c. Soil

- 93. Plant species are called
 - a. Flora
 - b. Fauna
 - c. Biome
 - d. None of the above
- 94. The state having lowest literacy rate is
 - a. Muzoram
 - b. Bihar
 - c. Rajasthan
 - d. Madhyapradesh
- 95. Periyar project is in
 - a. Tamil Nadu
 - b. Karnataka
 - c. Kerala
 - d. Andhra pradesh
- 96. Largest producer of rice in India is
 - a. Tamil Nadu
 - b. Karnataka
 - c. West Bengal
 - d. Bihar
- 97. Minimum age for a person to be elected to Loksabha is
 - a. 30 years
 - b. 25 years
 - c. 35 years
 - d. 20 years
- 98. The Chief Minister in India is appointed by
 - a. Prime minister
 - b. President
 - c. Governor
 - d. Vice President
- 99. The smallest whole number is
 - a Û
 - b. 2
 - c. 1
 - d. None of the above
- 100. An integer which is not divisible by 2 is called a/an
 - a. Even number
 - b. Odd number
 - c. Prime number
 - d. Composite number